

Accidents at work in the first half of 2025 – preliminary data

10.09.2025

 **2.23**

Incidence rate
in the first half of 2025

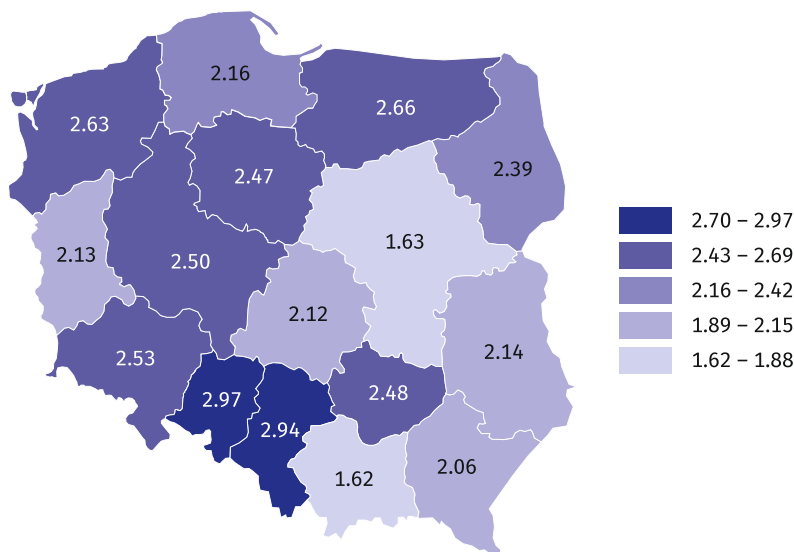
30,655 persons injured in accidents at work were reported in the first half of 2025 (0.7% persons more than in 2024). The incidence rate (the number of injured persons per 1,000 employed persons) increased from 2.21 to 2.23 per year.

The number of persons injured in accidents at work and the incidence rate increased compared to the first half of 2024

In the first half of 2025, the highest number of injuries was recorded in accidents at work with other effects – 30,356 persons (0.8% more than in the first half of 2024), 219 persons sustained injuries in serious accidents, while 80 persons were injured in fatal accidents. 111 persons were injured while performing remote work or telework.

The highest incidence rate was recorded for Opolskie (2.97), Śląskie (2.94), and Warmińsko-Mazurskie (2.66) Voivodships, the lowest for Małopolskie (1.62), Mazowieckie (1.63) and Podkarpackie (2.06).

Map 1. Persons injured in accidents at work per 1,000 employed persons^a (excluding private farms in agriculture) in the first half of 2025

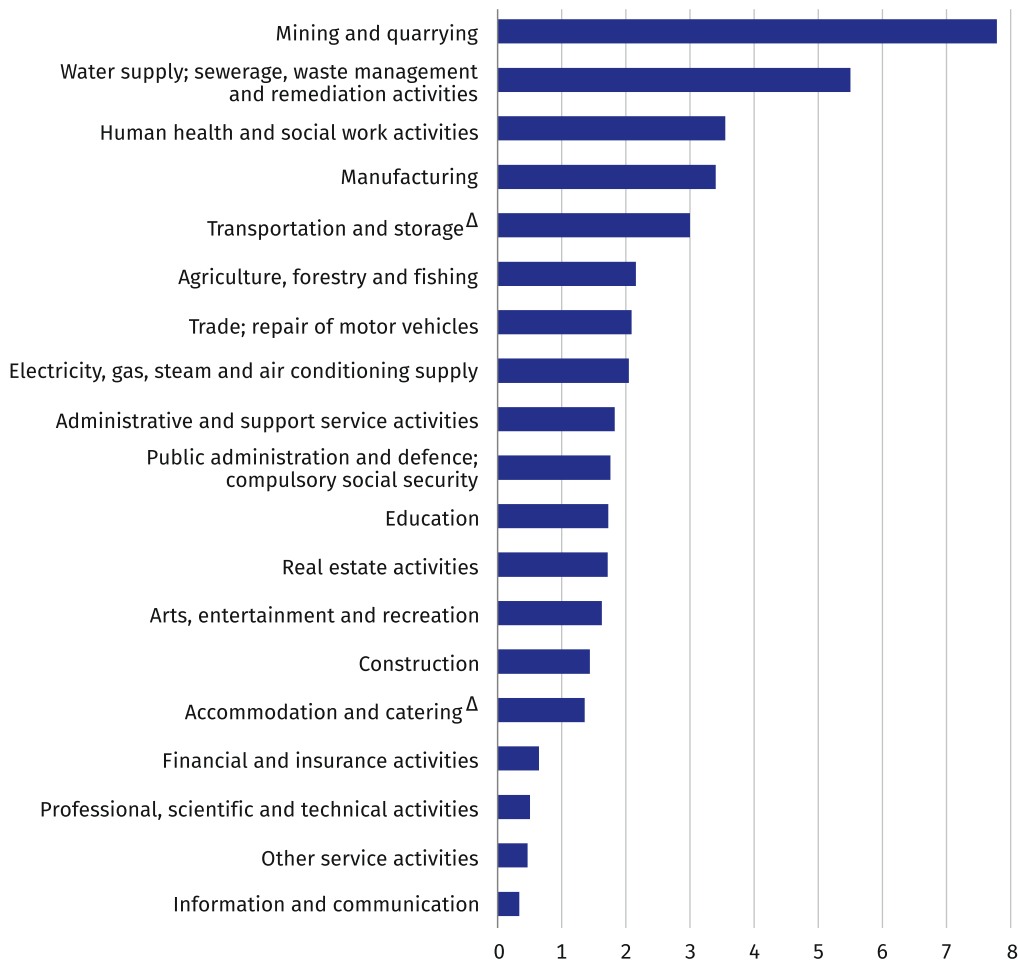


The highest incidence rate was recorded for Opolskie Voivodship (2.97), while the lowest for Małopolskie Voivodship (1.62)

^a The incidence rate was calculated using preliminary data on the number of employed persons; civilian employees of budgetary entities conducting activity within the scope of national defence and public safety were not included in the breakdown by voivodships.

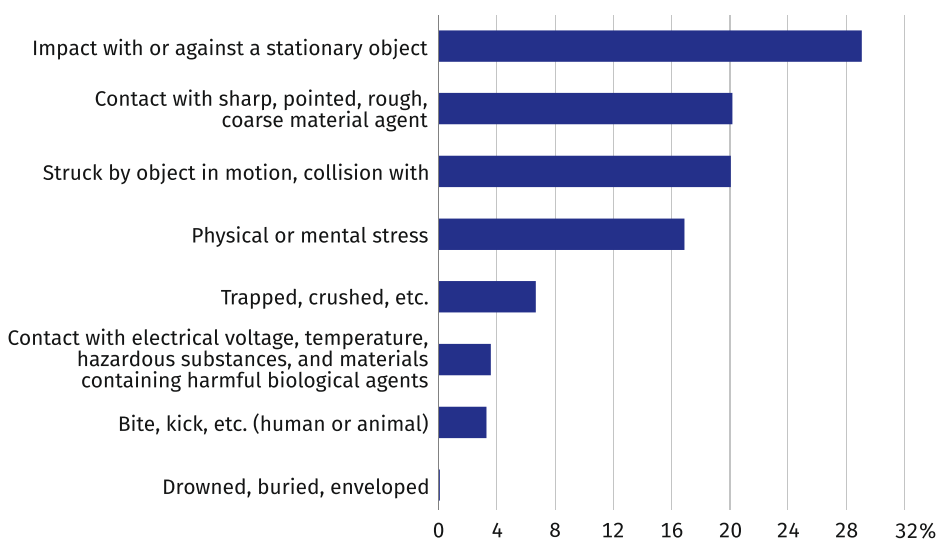
In the breakdown by types of economic activity, the highest incidence rates were recorded in the following sections: Mining and quarrying (7.78), Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities (5.50) and Human health and social work activities (3.55). The lowest rates were observed in the sections: Information and communication (0.34), Other service activities (0.47) and Professional, scientific and technical activities (0.51).

Chart 1. Persons injured in accidents at work per 1,000 employed persons by NACE Rev. 2 sections in the first half of 2025 (excluding private farms in agriculture)



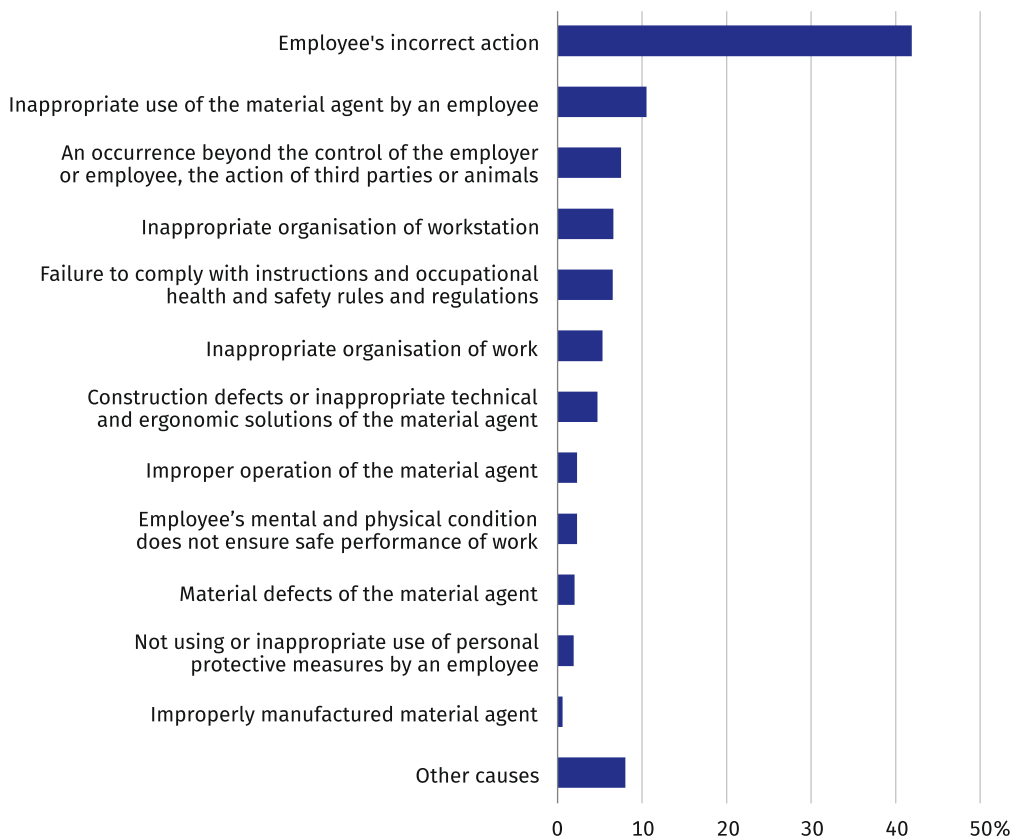
The highest incidence rate was recorded in the Mining and quarrying section (7.78), while the lowest in Information and communication (0.34)

Chart 2. Persons injured in accidents at work by contact-modes of injury in the first half of 2025



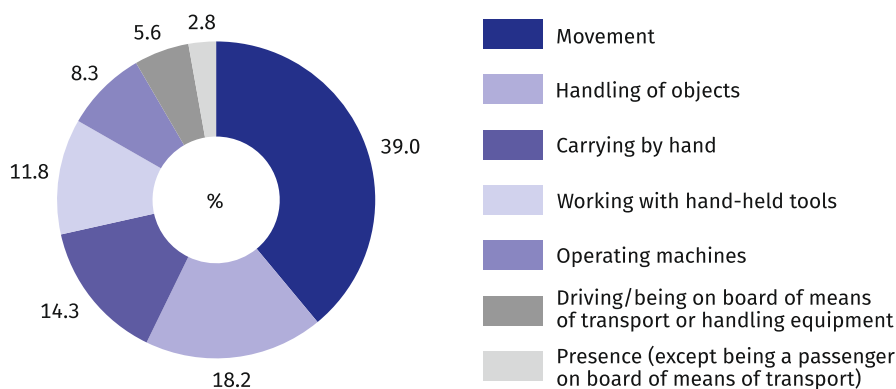
Impact with or against a stationary object was the prevalent group of contact-modes of injury (29.1%)

Chart 3. Causes of accidents at work in the first half of 2025



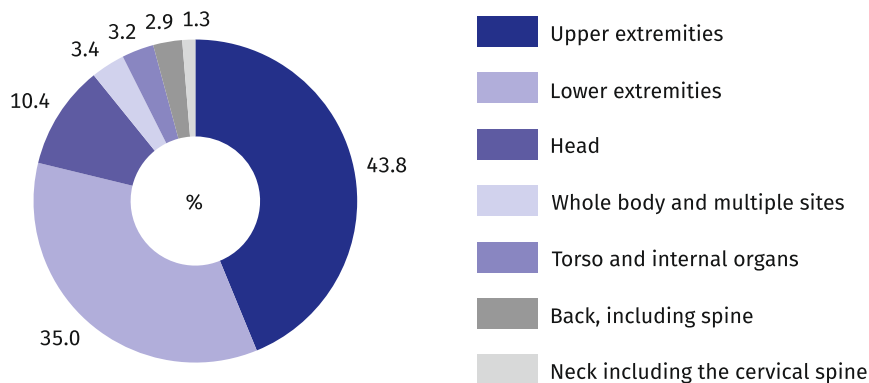
Employee's incorrect action was the predominant cause of accidents at work (41.8%)

Chart 4. Persons injured in accidents at work by specific physical activity performed by the victim at the time of the accident in the first half of 2025



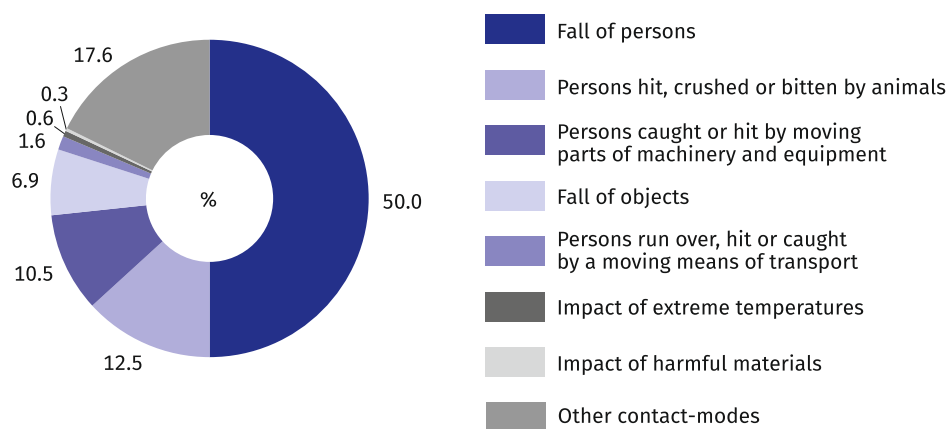
Movement was the most frequent specific physical activity performed by the victim at the time of the accident (39.0%)

Chart 5. Persons injured in accidents at work by part of body injured in the first half of 2025



78.8% of the persons injured in accidents at work sustained an extremity injury

Chart 6. Persons injured in accidents at work^a on private farms in agriculture by contact-modes of injuries in the first half of 2025



In the first half of 2025, a total of 3,815 people were injured in accidents on private farms in agriculture, including 26 fatalities.

a Concerns accidents in respect of which one-off compensations were granted.

Source: data of the Agricultural Social Insurance Fund.

METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

The release presents information on accidents at work of persons employed in the national economy during the specified period, excluding budgetary entities conducting activity within the scope of national defence and public safety for which information on accidents at work concerns only civilian employees.

Incidence rate is the number of persons injured per 1,000 employed persons. The ratio was calculated using the average number of employed persons, expressed as the arithmetic mean of two consecutive dates: as of 31 December of the previous year and 30 June of the current year.

A detailed explanation of the methodology used in the survey on accidents at work can be found in the "[Methodological report Accidents at work](#)" and in the annual publication titled "[Accidents at work](#)", available on the Information Portal of Statistics Poland.

The data presented in this release are preliminary. The final data covering the entire year 2025 will be available in November 2026.

In this release, abbreviated names of NACE Rev. 2 sections are used, marked with the "Δ" symbol. Full names are available on the Eurostat website under: [classifications](#).


When quoting Statistics Poland data, please provide the information: "Source of data: Statistics Poland", and when publishing calculations made on data published by Statistics Poland, please include the following disclaimer: "Own study based on figures from Statistics Poland".


Prepared by:
Statistical Office in Gdańsk
Director Jerzy Auksztol
Office: phone (+48 58) 76 83 130

Issued by:
Press Office
Mobile: (+48) 695 255 032
Phone: (+48 22) 608 38 04,
(+48 22) 449 41 45,
(+48 22) 608 30 09
e-mail: obslugaprasowa@stat.gov.pl


 www.stat.gov.pl/en/

 [@StatPoland](https://twitter.com/StatPoland)

 [@GlownyUrzadStatystyczny](https://www.facebook.com/GlownyUrzadStatystyczny)

 [gus_stat](https://www.instagram.com/gus_stat)

 [glownyurządstatystycznygus](https://www.youtube.com/glownyurządstatystycznygus)

 [glownyurządstatystyczny](https://www.linkedin.com/company/glownyurządstatystyczny)

Related information

[Accidents at work in 2023](#)

[Accidents at work in first quarter 2025 – preliminary data](#)

[Other studies regarding working conditions](#)

Data available in databases

[Local Data Bank -> Labour Market -> Working Conditions](#)